

Studying Vertical Variability of Small-Scale Gravity Waves using GNSS-RO Temperature Measurements

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Introduction

- Gravity Waves (GWs)
- Convection generation
- Wind modification



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$$\widehat{\boldsymbol{\omega}} = \boldsymbol{\omega} - \boldsymbol{k} \cdot \bar{\boldsymbol{u}} - \boldsymbol{l} \cdot \bar{\boldsymbol{v}}$$



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Current Stage

Challenge

- Identify small-scale GWs
- Analyze vertical variability
- Lack of high-resolution data

Objective

- Use GNSS-RO retrievals
- Characterize GW properties
- Explain driving mechanisms

Dataset

- GNSS Radio Occultation
- High retrieval accuracy (<0.5K) → COSMIC 1 & 2
- High vertical resolution (<0.1km) vertical wavelength down to



GW Identification

• GW-induced perturbation

$$T'(z) = T(z) - T_0(z)$$

• Least Squares Wavelet Analysis



GW Generation and Variation



GW Generation and Variation



Similarity between Hurricanes



Similarity between Hurricanes



Two-layer convection



SOURCO

Conclusion

- Verified wave generation theories
- Identified three distinct types of GWs
- Demonstrated wind filtering effects
- Adopted two-layer convection concept

Thank you!

"There is no pride on earth like the pride of intellect and

science."



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More about Fiona



More about Fiona (ERA5)



More about Dora

