

# **Radio Occultation (RO) Technology and Innovative Techniques => Innovation**

IROWG-10

Boulder, CO

2024/09/18

# Attendees

Rob Kursinski (PlanetiQ, USA), John Braun (UCAR, USA)  
Ramon Padulles (ICE/CSIC-IEEC, Spain), Estel Cardellach (ICE/CSIC-IEEC, Spain),  
Feiqin Xie (TAMU-CC, USA), Kuo-Nung (Eric) Wang (JPL, USA),  
Stig Syndergaard (DMI, Denmark), Chi Ao (JPL, USA),  
Jade Morton (CU, USA), Josef Innerkofler (WEGC/UniGraz, Austria),  
Tom Meehan (JPL, USA), Garth Franklin (JPL, USA),  
Franciois Vandenberghe, (JCSDA, USA), Kate Lord (SIO, USA),  
Noah Barton (SIO,USA), Kuo-Nung (Eric) Wang (JPL, USA),  
Anitia Paz (ICE/CSIC-IEEC, Spain), Bing Cao (SIO, USA),  
Ming Chen (University of Maryland, USA), Yong Chen (NOAA, USA),  
Guojuan Gu (UMD, USA)

# Summary

- Working group unanimously voted to remain a group (17 votes)
- Also voted to change name to “Innovation” (14 yes, 3 no)
- Participants would like to sit in on meetings of the other 3 groups
  
- Top recommendations
  - **Planetary Boundary Layer** retrieval development and utilization in NWP
  - Promote development of **Polarimetric RO** observations (orbital and airborne) and exploitation of those observations
  
- Other recommendations
  - RFI, Airborne Radio Occultation,
  - GNSS-RO+R(grazing angle), Coordinated RO data buy,
  - LEO-LEO, Residual ionosphere correction,
  - level0 data format

# Ranking of Recommendations

Ranking	Topic	Importance 10 is highest priority 1 is lowest priority
1	Encourage technology and retrieval developments for improving planetary boundary layer profiling from GNSS-RO and their utilization in NWP data assimilation	9.06
2	Promote development of Polarimetric RO observations (orbital and airborne) and exploitation of those observations	8.94
3	Identify Radio Frequency Interference (RFI) sources and develop strategies for mitigation	7.35
4	Develop GNSS observations from airborne platforms for operations and testing new technology	7.29
5	Encourage the development of synergistic GNSS radio occultation (grazing angle) and GNSS reflectometry	6.59
6	Encourage CGMS to coordinate purchase of commercial RO data	6.59
7	Advance LEO-LEO occultation development towards a demonstration mission	6.53
8	Improve removal of residual ionosphere correction for GNSS-RO	5.41
9	Formation of IROWG working group on “level0” data formats	3.76

# Top Recommendations

# Planetary Boundary Layer (PBL)

- Current Status
  - NWP use of RO data in lower troposphere is still limited, discarding most of the data in the PBL
- Progress since IROWG-09
  - Operational duct detection in COSMIC-2
  - Increased duct measurements from PiQ
  - Improved retrievals from JPL combining RO with passive sounders, and grazing angle observations
  - 1DVAR retrievals from JPL to constrain from IWV
  - GMAO assimilating PBL height
  - Stephen Leroy has initiated a PBL research group
  - Seven related oral presentations at IROWG-10 (Monday afternoon and Tuesday morning) from Zhen, Xie, Wang, Ao, Syndergaard, Vannah, Kursinski
  - Multiple posters also presented
- Future needs and recommendations
  - Encourage development and implementation of GNSS-RO observations and retrieval techniques to improve profiling of the PBL including improved knowledge of their uncertainty.
  - Encourage development and implementation of data assimilation methods that will enable NWP systems to better leverage and utilize those PBL observations including their representativeness uncertainty.
  - Encourage an intercomparison project for lower troposphere/PBL observations (following a model of ROTrends).
    - Rob Kursinski and Chi Ao volunteered to further investigate this in collaboration with the NWP and climate sub-groups.

# Polarimetric Radio Occultation (PRO)

- Promote development of Polarimetric RO observations (orbital and airborne) and retrievals and use of those observations
- Current Status
  - PRO data now collected by PAZ, Spire, and PiQ but only some of this data is available to everyone
- Progress since IROWG-09
  - Cal-Tech workshop hosted workshop with JPL and ICE in November 2023
    - Advances in the Use of Global Navigation Satellite System Polarimetric Radio Occultation Measurements for NWP and Weather Applications (<https://doi.org/10.1175/BAMS-D-24-0050.1>)
  - Cardellach leading PRO working group at IROWG-10 (see report)
  - New BUFR format contains PRO observation data set
  - PRO data has been used to evaluate NWP cloud parameterization schemes
  - ARO data has been collecting data for atmospheric rivers and hurricanes for past two years. This data has not been fully analyzed yet.
  - CU has high gain, dual-pol station on Haleakala, Maui, Hawaii collecting baseband data for past few years, for mountain top RO.
  - Simple forward operators have been developed, including ECMWF, ICE
  - PlanetiQ now measuring 1100+ PRO per day and doubling that via next launch in 1<sup>st</sup> qtr 2025
- Recommendations
  - See draft of Cardellach et al report from PRO working group
  - Develop forward operator to use in NWP systems to enable a NOAA pilot

# High Priority Recommendations

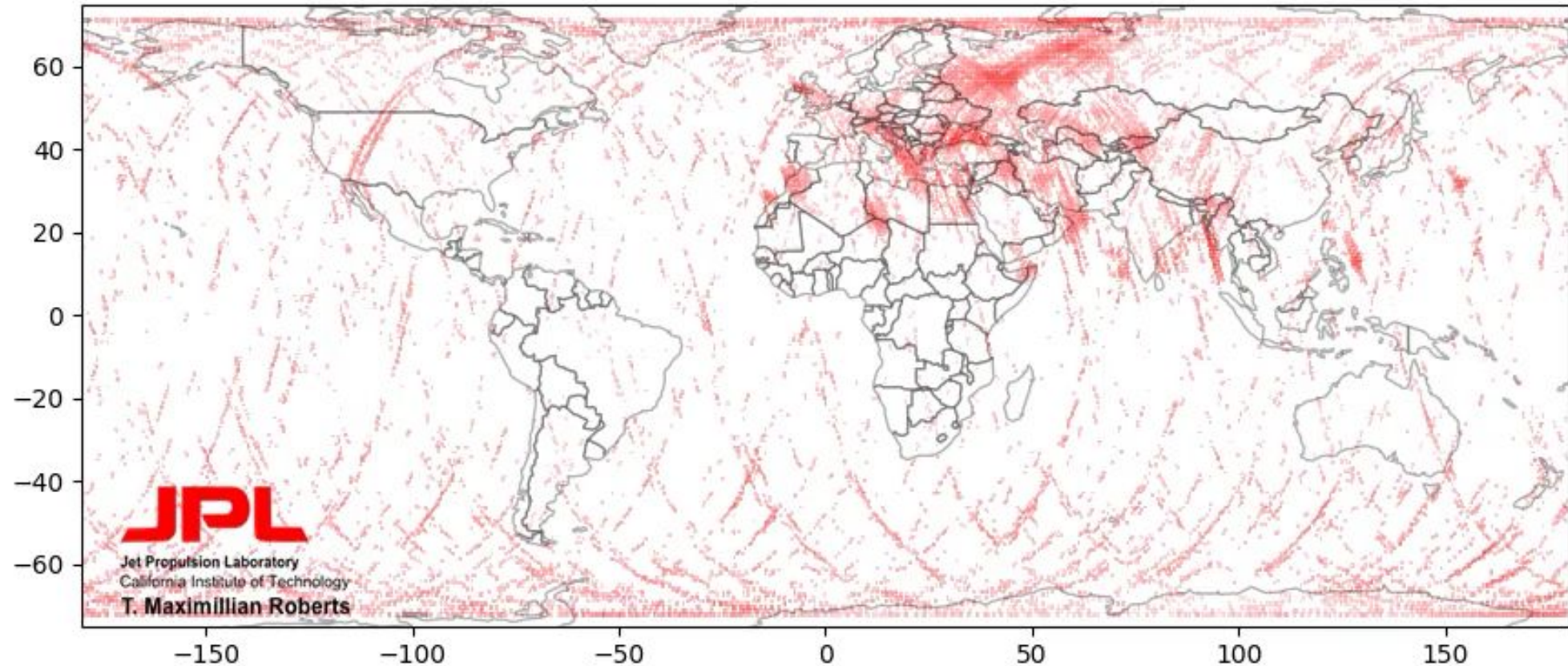


# RFI

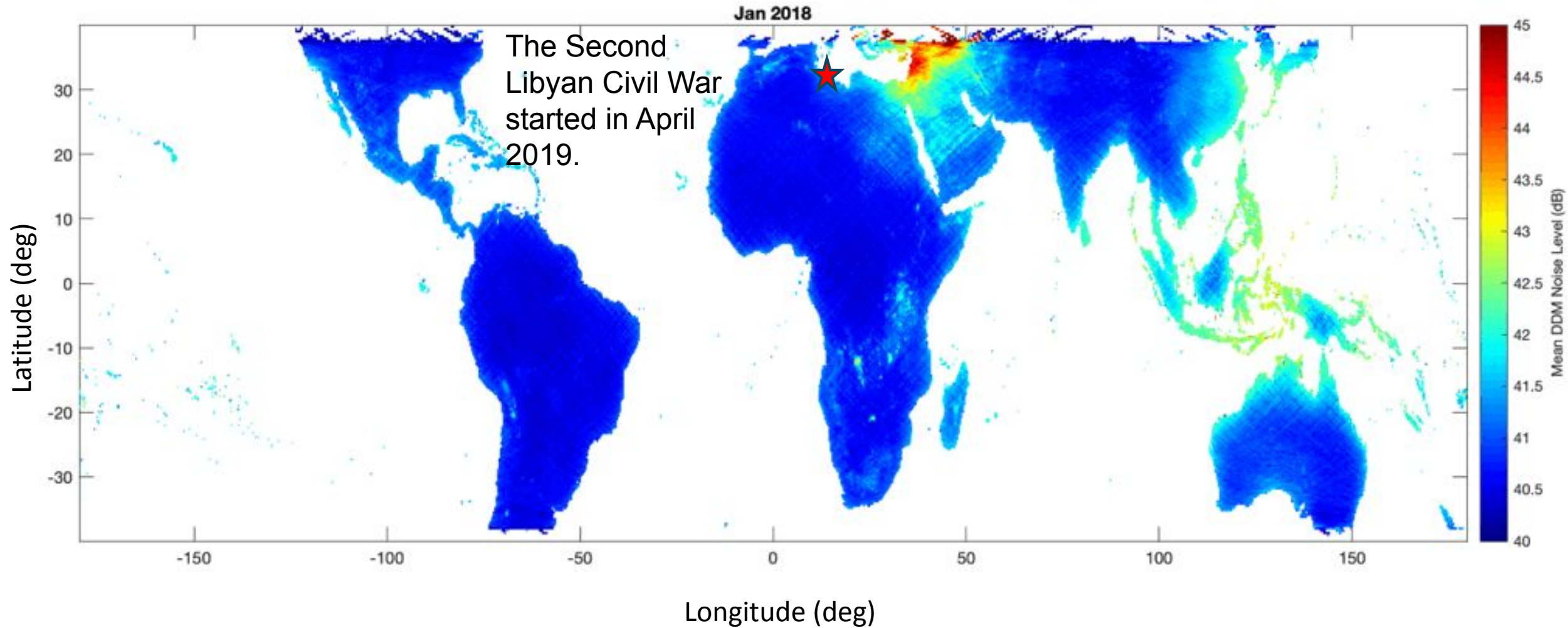
- Current Status
  - RFI is becoming a more significant problem
- Progress since IROWG-09
  - ML methods have been developed at CU
  - JPL RFI algorithm is being used for operational processing at UCAR
  - L5 is getting worse
  - Cross talk between satellites is potentially increasing
- Recommendation
  - Identify and develop methods to identify RFI and approaches to mitigate the effects of RFI

# RFI: 2006-2018

AFT Antenna RFI for 2006-05-01 to 2006-11-01 (142360 events)

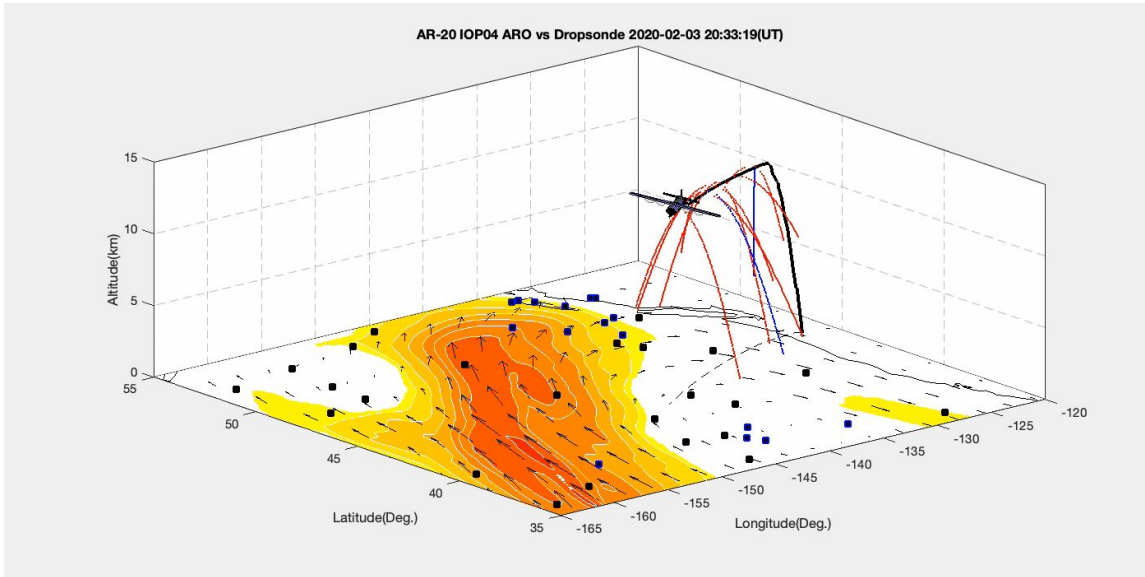


# RFI Mapping Using CYGNSS Satellites (CU)



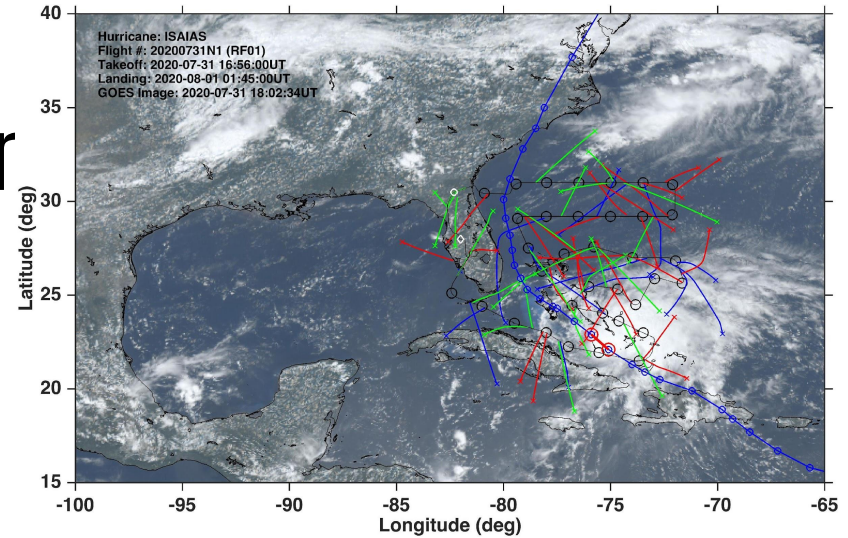
Wu, K., Y. J. Morton, C. Chew, "Detection and mitigation of radio frequency interference in GNSS-R data," *Proc. ION GNSS+*, DOI: [10.33012/2022.18482](https://doi.org/10.33012/2022.18482), 2022.

# Airborne Radio Occultation



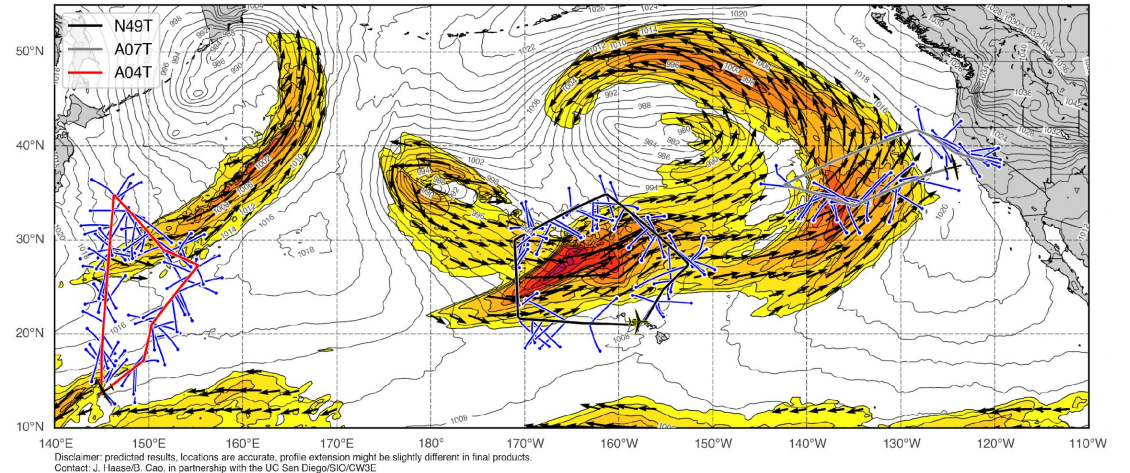
- ARO profiles are densely distributed over the targeted areas.
- Slanted ARO profiles (blue/red) extend the aircraft sensing area from underneath (by dropsondes) toward sideways.

*J. Haase, B. Cao and the ARO team at UCSD/SIO*



- ARO covers the larger environment around hurricane during one synoptic-survey flight.

NCEP GFS IVT( $\text{kg m}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ ; shaded), IVT Vectors, and SLP(hPa; contours)  
Forecast Valid at: 0000 UTC 01/16/2024(f000) Mission: IOP17  
GNSS ARO (predicted, blue lines, n=193)



- ARO from multiple aircraft captures Pacific basin-wide atmosphere rivers.

# Airborne Radio Occultation (ARO)

- Develop GNSS observations from airborne platforms for operations and testing new technology
- Current status
  - ARO now being routinely collected as part of atmospheric river intensive observations and hurricane reconnaissance projects
  - TAMUCC has demonstrated ARO sounding of mid-troposphere from commercial planes (Xie et al., 2024)”
- Progress since IROWG-09
  - JEDI operator has been written
  - BUFR format is documented
  - Realtime data delivery is ready for demonstration during NOAA campaigns
  - OL tracking needs to be improved
- Recommendations
  - Innovation group believes ARO is sufficiently developed so that it should be considered for operational implementation
  - Explore ways to broadly implement on commercial airlines

## Reference:

**Xie F.**, Nelson, K. J., Chan, B. C., Goel, A., Kosh, J., & Vergalla, M. (2024): First Results of Airborne GNSS Radio Occultation Sounding from Airbus Commercial Aircraft, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, 51, e2024GL110194. <https://doi.org/10.1029/2024GL110194>

# LEO-LEO

- Encourage International space agencies (in particular NASA, ESA and CAS, where LEO-LEO proposals were pending) to support mission preparation and implementation projects towards LEO-LEO microwave occultation demonstration missions.
- Progress since IROWG-09 and current status
  - Limited progress since IROWG 9
  - Chinese administration had mission proposal, which was not funded.
  - Wegener Center/ROM SAF postponed work on forward operator for LEO-LEO.
  - JPL has worked on LEO-LEO technique supported by NASA decadal survey PBL incubation and internal JPL project to demonstrate transmit/receive capability with SDR
    - Eric Wang has developed forward simulation operator (FSO)
  - PIQ sang the praises about very innovative LEO-LEO technology in RFI response to NOAA (hallelujah)
  - ICE has implemented forward operator for hydrometeor PRO which is applicable for LEO-LEO frequencies.
- Recommendations
  - Recommend development of NWP-compatible forward operator and perform OSSEs & EDAs for LEO-LEO observations.

# Commercial Data Buy

- **Encourage CGMS to coordinate purchase of commercial RO data**
- Current status
  - EUMETSAT, NOAA, NASA and DoD
- Progress since IROWG-09
  - NOAA RO DB-02 is now in DO4
- Need to stabilize the price and quantities to be purchased

# GNSS-RO and R

- Encourage the continued development of synergistic GNSS radio occultation and GNSS reflectometry.
- Current Status
  - GNSS-RO+R data now collected by Spire, and PiQ
  - GNSS-R now collected with grazing angle (RHCP) and near nadir reflections (LHCP)
    - GNSS NNR group is growing and is somewhat separated from RO community.
- Progress since IROWG-09
  - NOAA has OSW CWDP pilot evaluation ongoing using Spire data
  - Lots of work for atmospheric, ionosphere, altimetry, water surface boundary mapping, water surface, ocean, inland water bodies, sea ice and some glaciers
  - CGMS recommended that GNSS-R methods participate in other CGMS groups (ocean surface winds and land surface)



# Residual Ionosphere Errors

- Current status
  - Didn't discuss much
  - Ionospheric scintillations during solar maximum are degrading RO profiles of the atmosphere
  - Solar storm in May 2024 degraded the occultation processing causing many profiles to not pass QC.
- Progress since IROWG-09
  - Awareness that ionosphere during solar maximum can degrade neutral atmosphere
- Recommendations
  - Identify ways in which ionosphere can degrade neutral atmosphere profiles
  - Identify potential approaches to mitigate that degradation

# Level-0 Data Format

- Formation of IROWG working group on “level0” data formats
- Current status
  - Nominal working group formed during IROWG-09
- Progress since IROWG-09
  - Not much, maybe a google drive

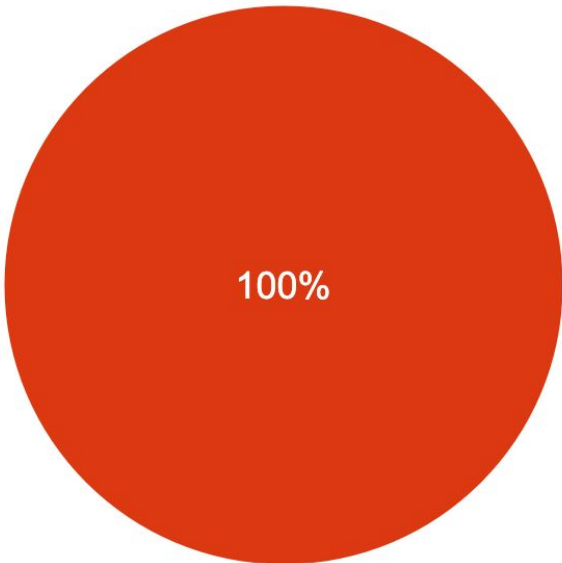
# Backup Slides

- Results from topic survey

# Should the technology working group be closed?

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17 responses

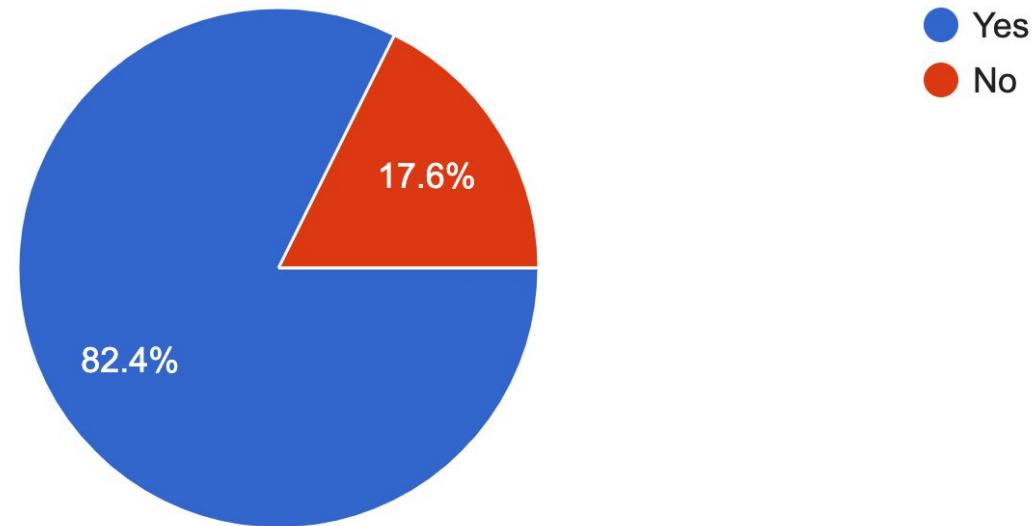


- Yes
- No

# Shall we change the name of this working group to Innovation?

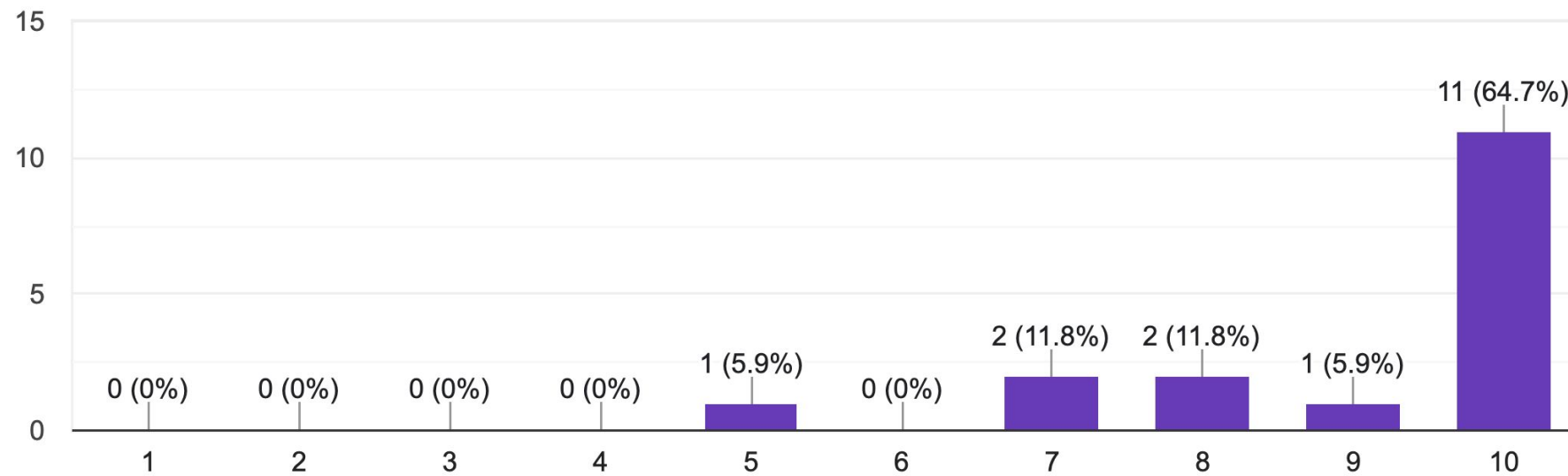
Shall we change the name of this working group from: Receiver Technology and Innovative RO Techniques To Innovation

17 responses



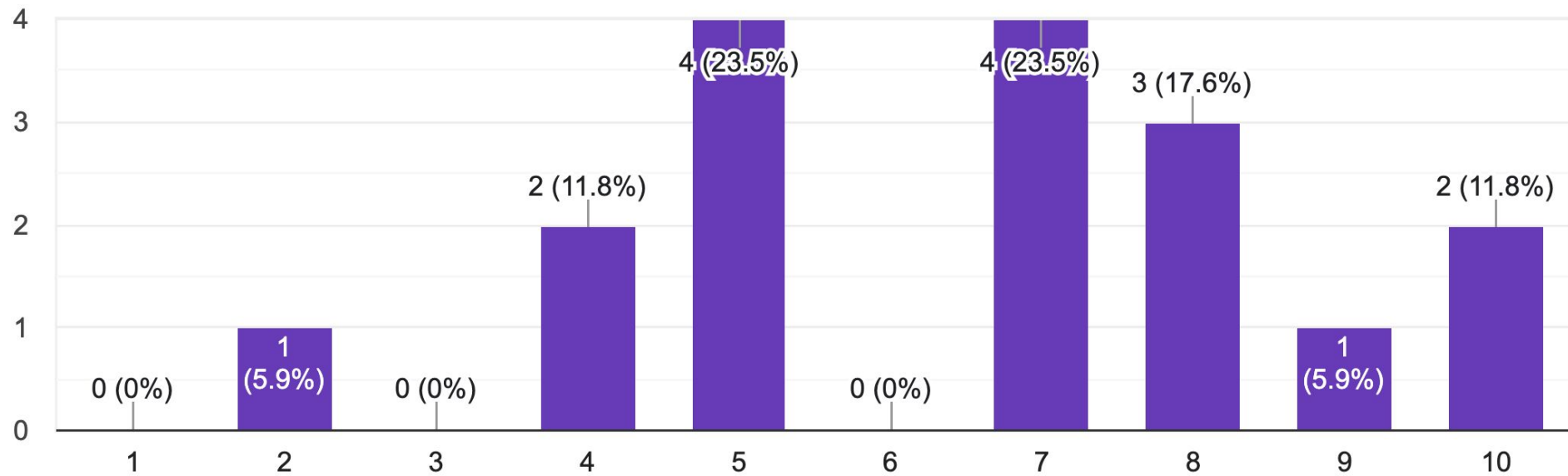
## Encourage technology and retrieval developments for improving planetary boundary layer profiling from GNSS-RO and their utilization in NWP data assimilation

17 responses



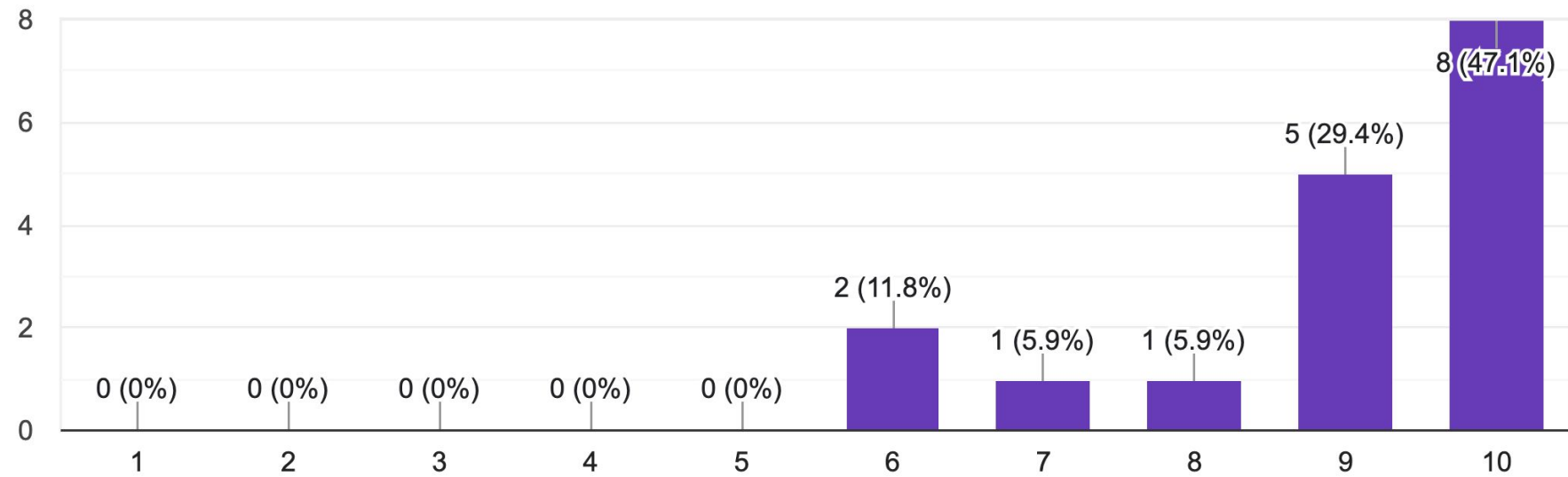
## Advance LEO-LEO occultation development towards a demonstration mission

17 responses



## Promote development of Polarimetric RO observations (orbital and airborne) and exploitation of those observations

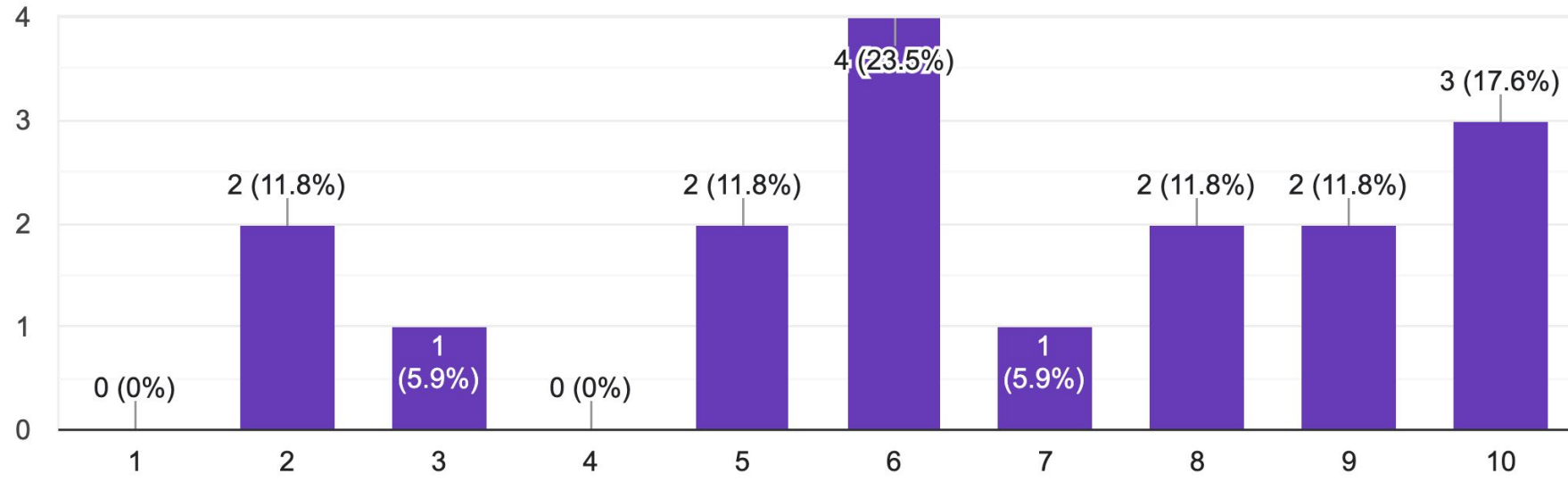
17 responses





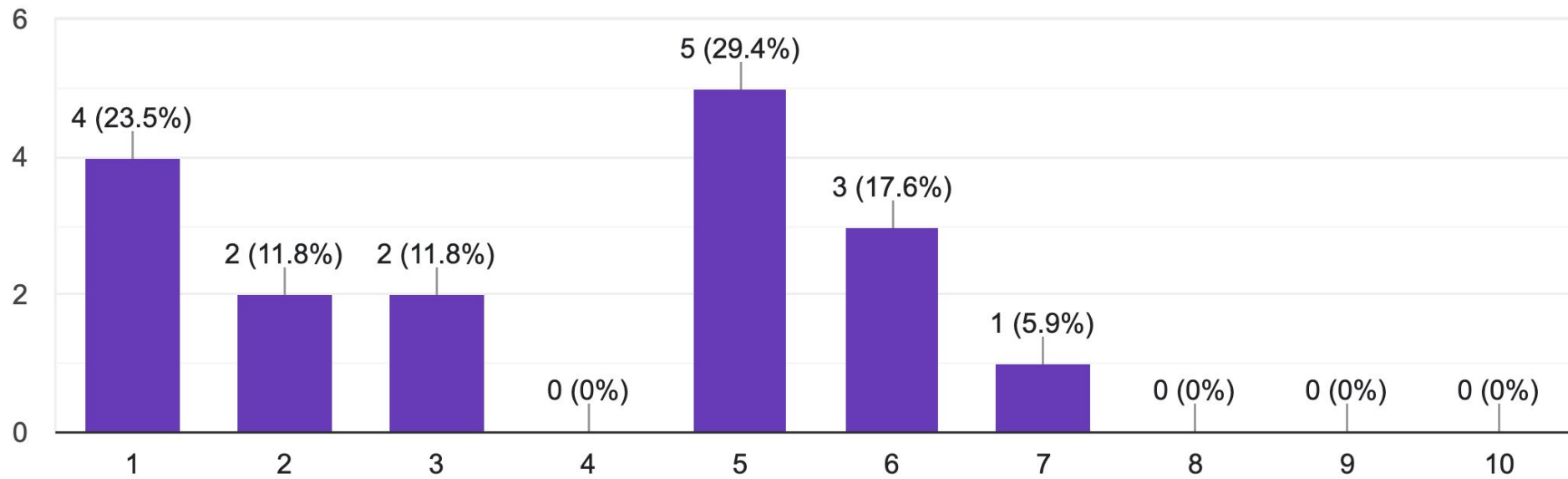
Encourage the continued development of synergistic GNSS radio occultation and GNSS reflectometry.

17 responses



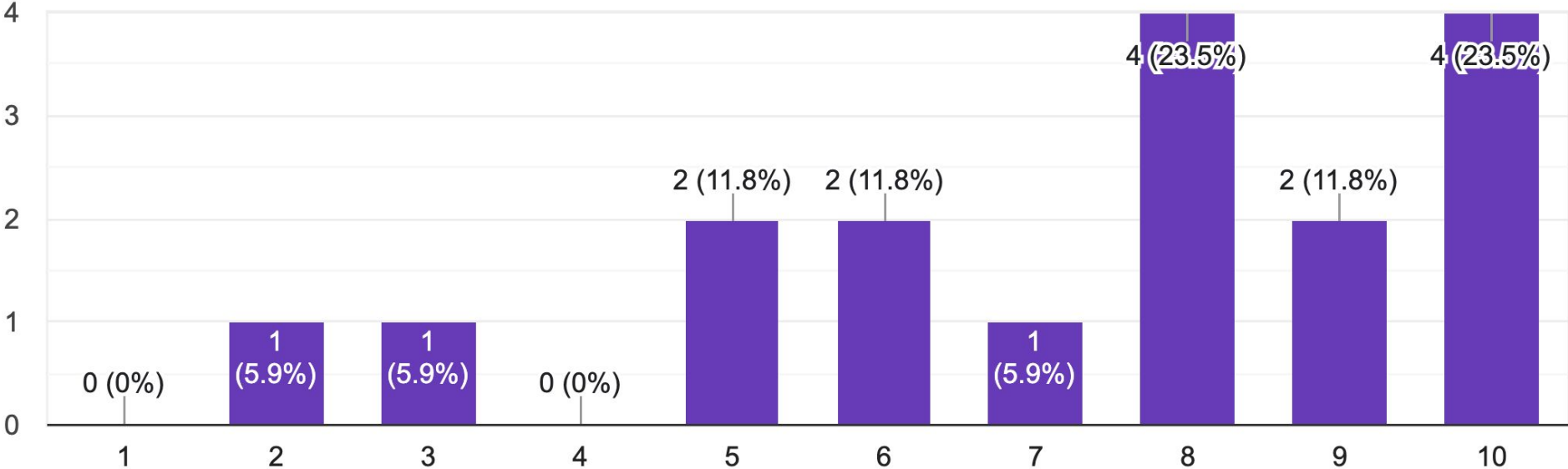
## Formation of IROWG working group on "level0" data formats

17 responses



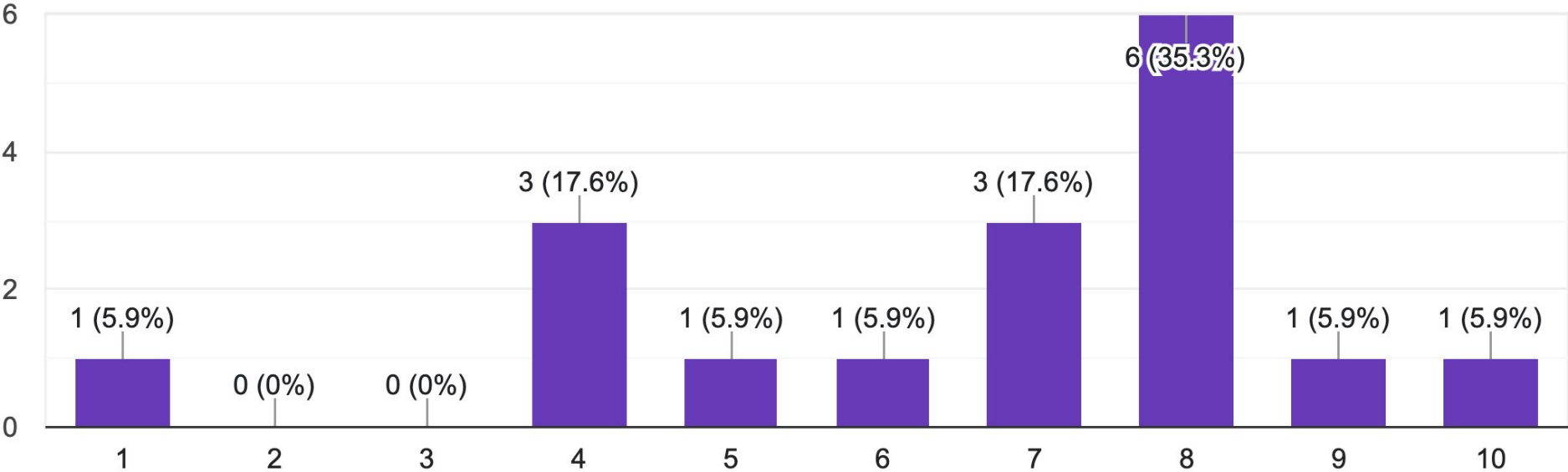
### Develop GNSS observations from airborne platforms for operations and testing new technology

17 responses



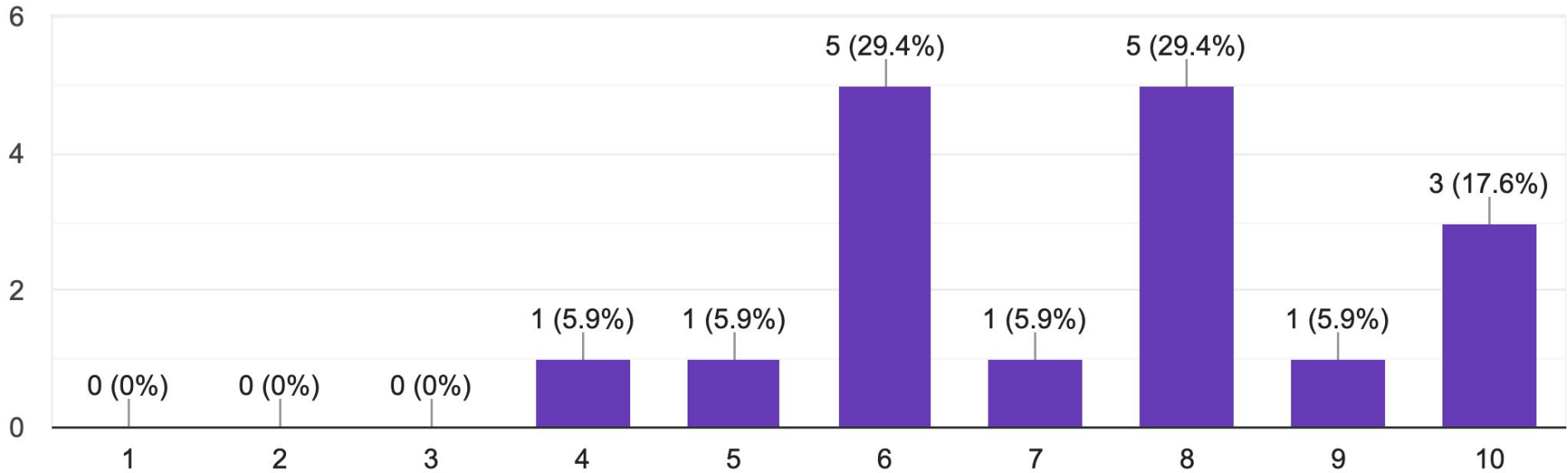
# Encourage CGMS to coordinate purchase of commercial RO data

17 responses



# Identify Radio Frequency Interference (RFI) sources and develop strategies for mitigation

17 responses



# Improve residual ionosphere correction for GNSS-RO

Improve removal of residual ionosphere correction for GNSS-RO

17 responses

