

# FORMOSAT-7/COSMIC-2 Mission Status & Future Operation

Presented by Cheng-Yung Huang  
Taiwan Space Agency  
[yusn@tasa.org.tw](mailto:yusn@tasa.org.tw)

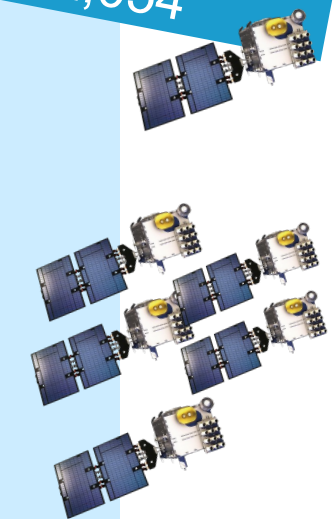
Contributed by TASA, NOAA, UCAR & ARFL

ICEO 2024

# Program Overview

- Partnership: AIT-TECRO **NOAA**: AIT Designated Rep; **TASA**: TECRO Designated Rep
- 5 years mission, launched on 6/25/2019, SpaceX Falcon Heavy (USAF STP-2 Mission)
- 6-satellite constellation in six evenly-spaced orbit planes to provide uniform equatorial coverage
- 10 ground stations for downlink support
- Each satellite has 3 instruments provided by US Space Force (USSF)
  - Tri-GNSS Radio Occultation System (TGRS) – Primary Instrument
  - Ion Velocity Meter (IVM) – Secondary Instrument
  - Radio Frequency Beacon (RFB) – Secondary Instrument
- Providing > 5,500 daily radio occultation for weather forecasting
- Providing ~ 4,000 daily ionospheric total electron content tracks for space weather monitoring
- Providing ~ 30 min latency for ionosphere and neutral atmosphere data

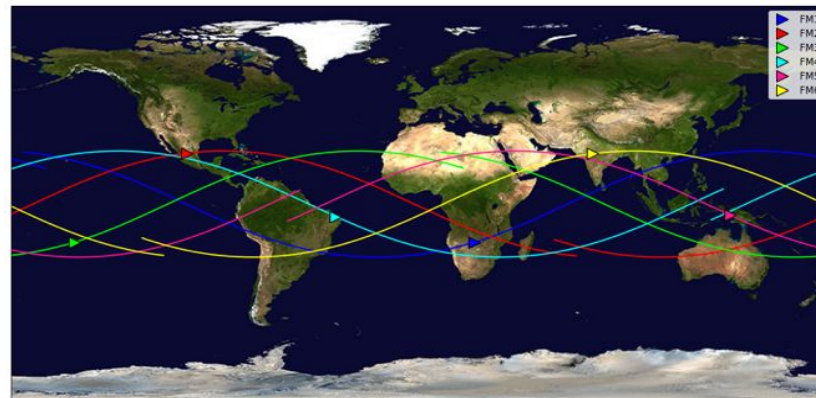
Working days: 1,903  
Atm. : 9,612,579  
Ion. : 6,902,054



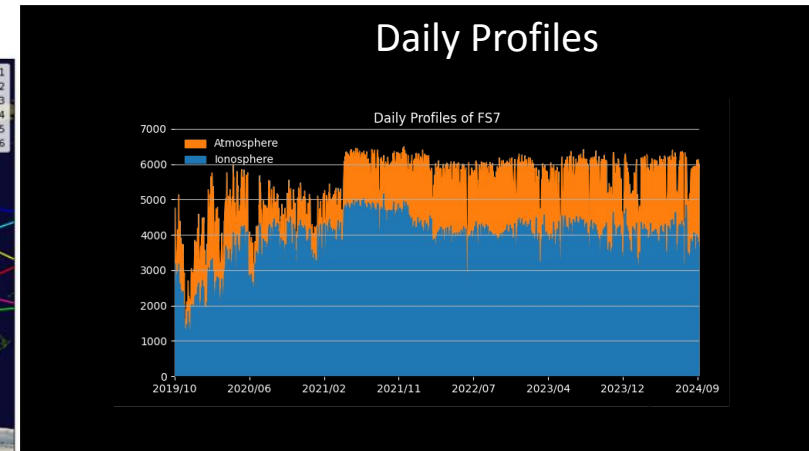
FORMOSAT-7/COSMIC-2 Ground Site Locations



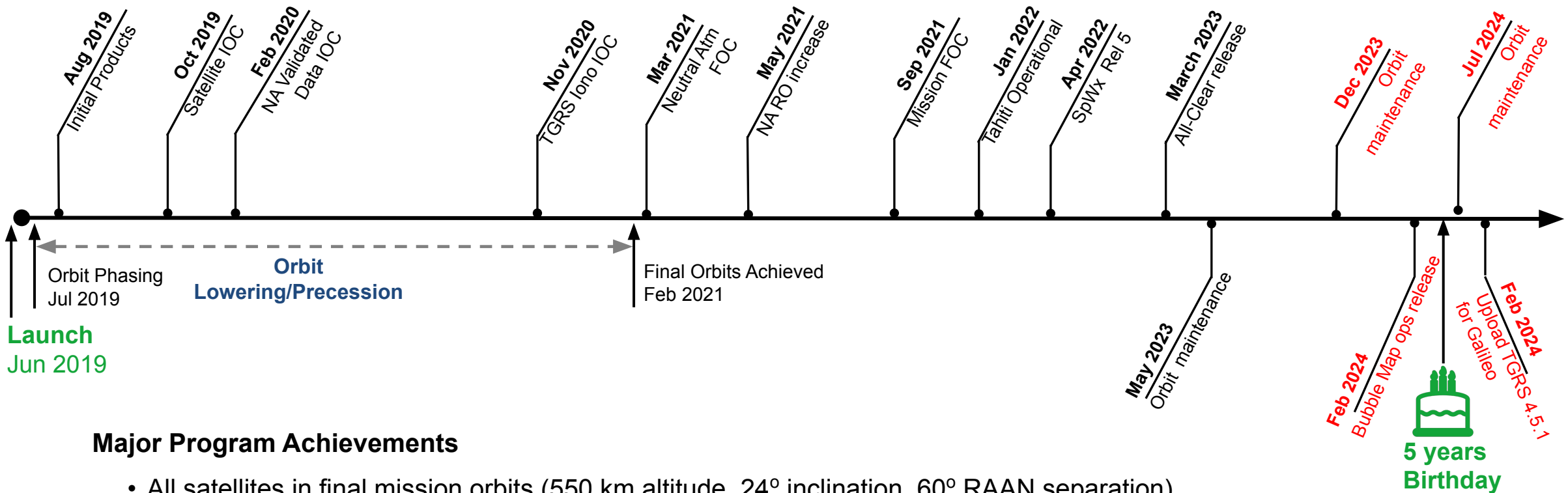
Mission Constellation Orbit



Daily Profiles



# Major Post Launch Program Milestones

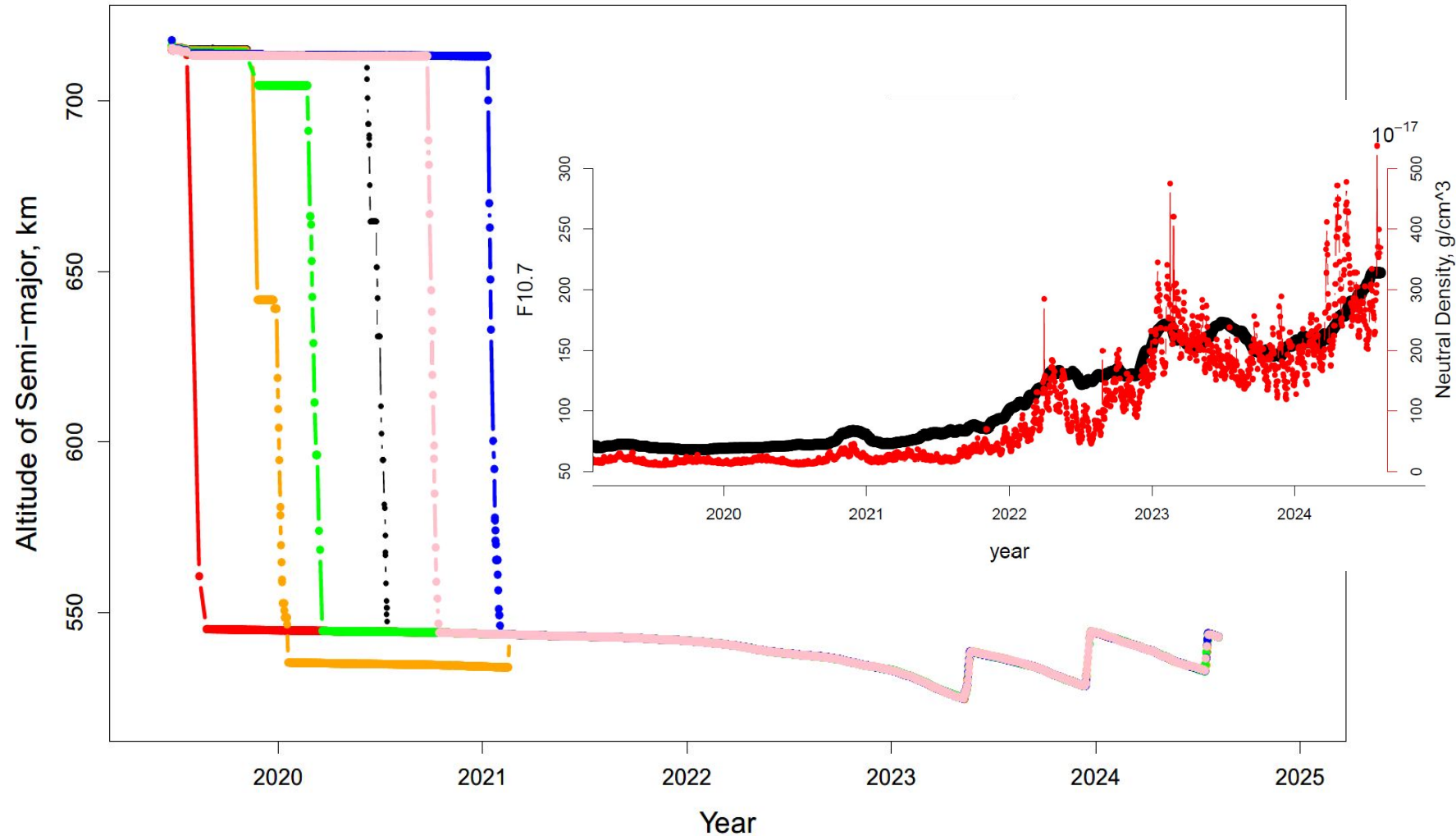


## Major Program Achievements

- All satellites in final mission orbits (550 km altitude, 24° inclination, 60° RAAN separation)
- >5000 NA RO profiles/day with a precision better than 2 micro-radian from 60-80 km altitude
- Nearly 6,000/day Total Electron Content (TEC) occs and arcs with accuracy better than 3 TECU
- IVM density accuracy is at or below the 5% mission requirement
- Daily NA product and TEC latency from observation to product creation ~30 min median
- Data products delivered in Near Real Time (NRT) to multiple operational weather and space weather centers and openly available to the research community
- ~~New ionosphere products specifying the presence, absence, and location of scintillation (All-Clear and Bubble Map) were released to operations in March 2023 (All-Clear) and Feb 2024 (Bubble Map)~~

# Satellite Orbit Altitudes (Jun 2019 – Feb 2024)

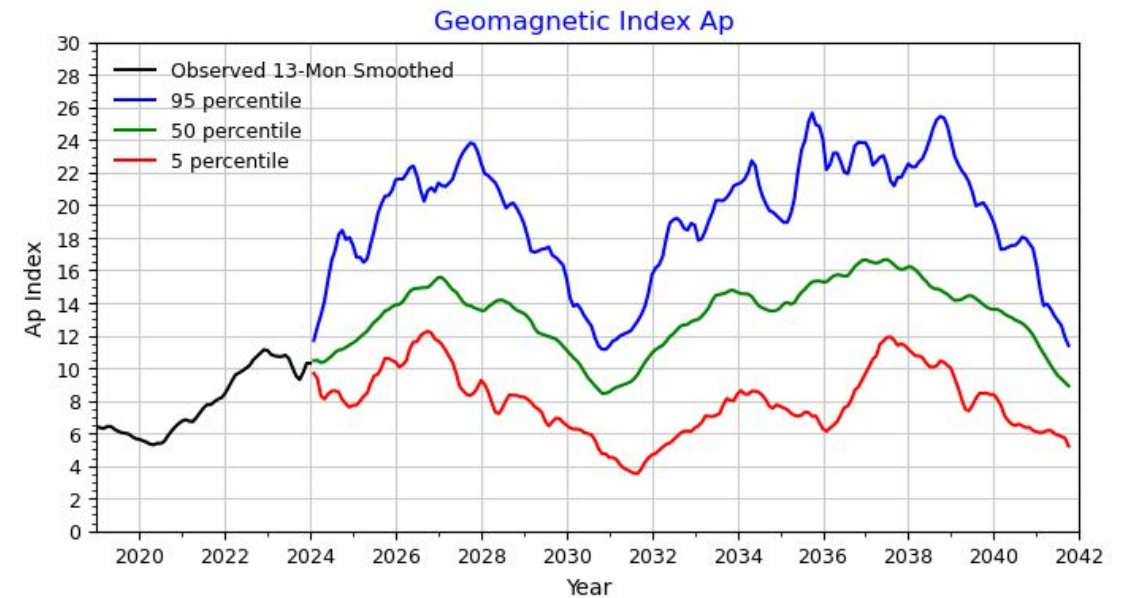
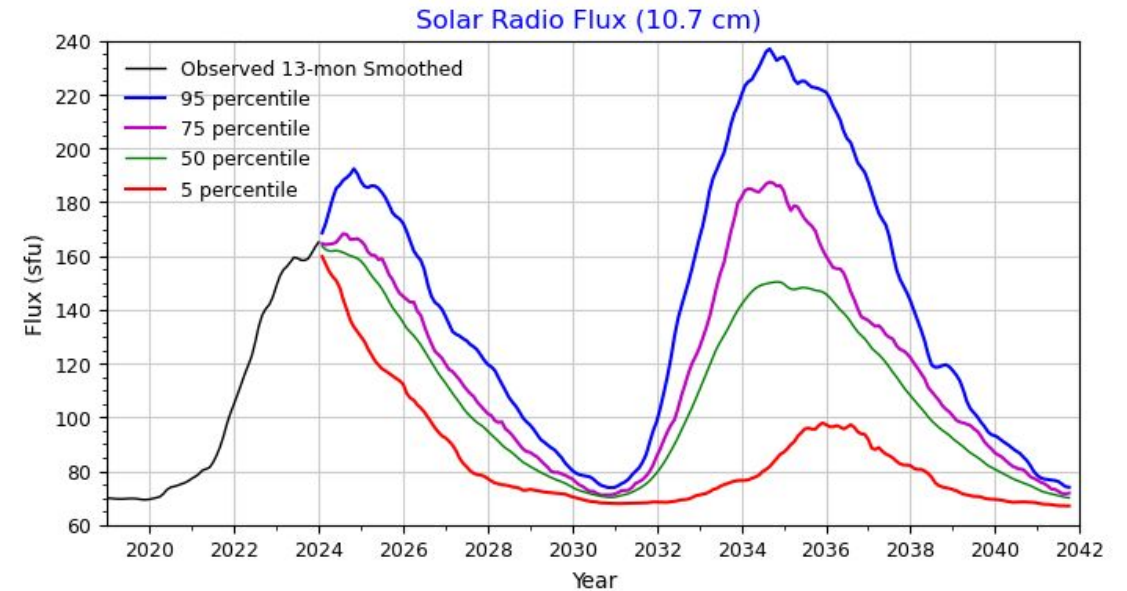
- Parking altitude : 720 km.  
Mission altitude : 520-550 km.
- June 2019 – Feb. 2021 :  
satellites deployment  
using diff precession rate  
between 550 km and 720 km, it is  
about  $\sim 0.55$  deg/days
- The rate of orbital decay rate  
started increasing noticeably  
since 2022.
- May 2023 : raised satellite  
altitude  $\sim 15$  km
- Dec. 2023 : raised satellite  
altitude  $\sim 15$  km
- July. 2024 : raised satellite  
altitude  $\sim 10$  km
- **Next maneuver : Jan-Feb 2025,  
raise  $\sim 10$  km**



# Satellite Operation Plan

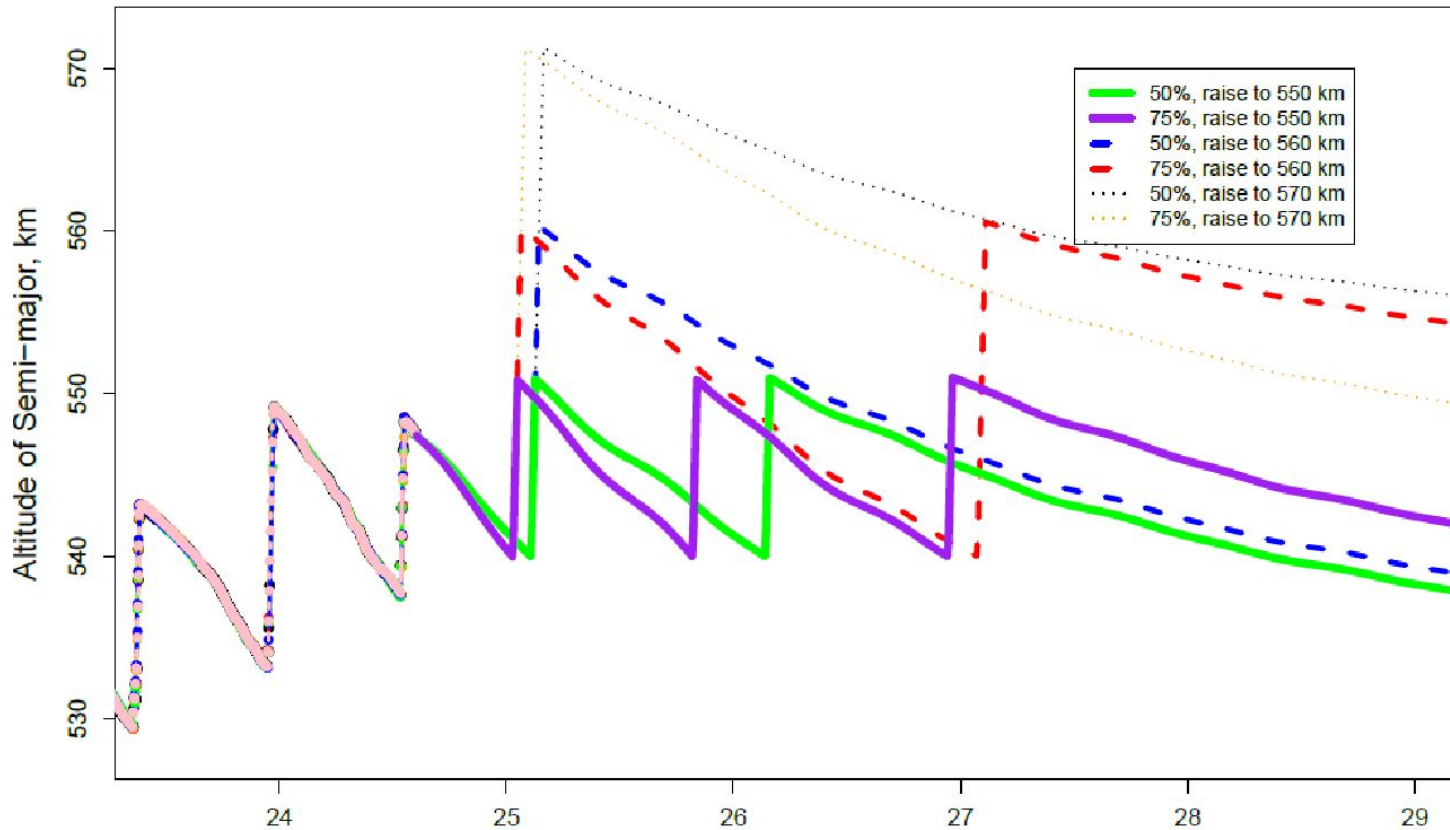
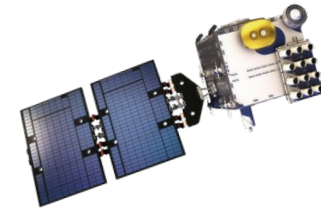
Satellite Operation plan during 2024-01-01 to 2027-06-30

- TASA will maintain the altitude of satellites between 540-550 km, or at higher altitude.
- For current plan, 2-3 raisings will be required before Jun 2027, taking 2-3 kg propellant, the remaining propellant will be 3.5-5.0 kg.
- The remaining propellant is enough for satellite constellation adjustment and conjunction avoidance.
- The next raising may be scheduled in Jan-Feb 2025.



# Satellite Operation Plan

For considering of satellite de-orbit after 5-years of satellite disfunction, we could not raise the satellite too high.

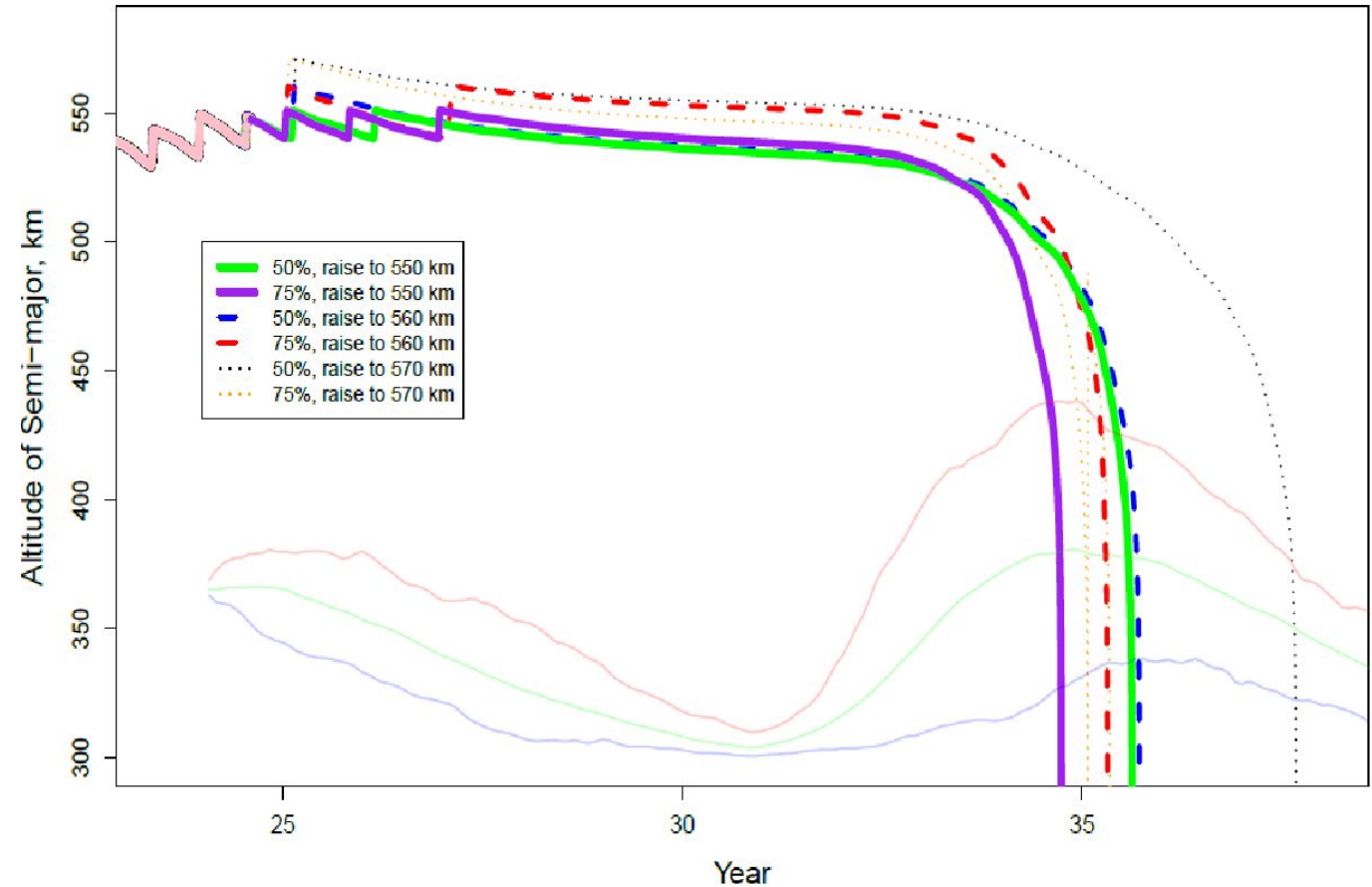


	50%	75%
540 □ 550 Km	Feb, 2025 Mar, 2026	Jan, 2025 Sep, 2025 Nov, 2026
540 □ 560 Km	Feb. 2025	Jan. 2025 Dec. 2026
540 □ 570 Km	Feb. 2025	Jan. 2025

# Remaining Propellant on 2023/11, 2023/12, 2024/07



FS-	Remaining Propellant Mass (kg)	Delta Propellant Mass (kg)
701	8.90/7.90/7.14	-1.0/-0.76
702	8.91/7.85/7.09	-1.06/-0.76
703	8.67/7.64/6.83	-1.03/-0.81
704	7.78/6.74/5.96	-1.04/-0.78
705	8.44/7.38/6.61	-1.06/-0.79
706	9.09/8.13/7.31	-0.96/-0.82



# FORMOSAT-7, FORMOSAT-3 & TRITON

(2024.05.31)

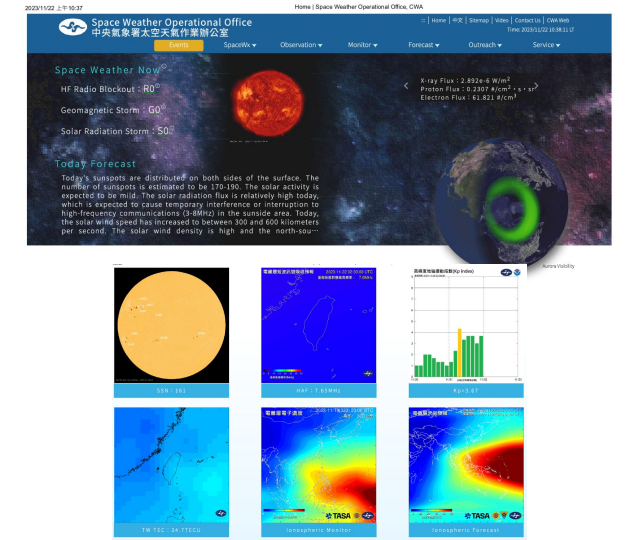
<https://tacc.cwa.gov.tw/>

<https://swoo.cwa.gov.tw/>



## FORMOSAT-7 data services

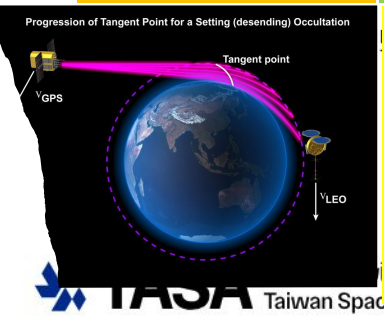
- 01 Near real time Products Monitoring
- 02 FS-7 Data download services
- 03 Joint Observation supporting
- 04 Space Weather monitoring
- 05 Space Weather monitoring, boracast and forecast



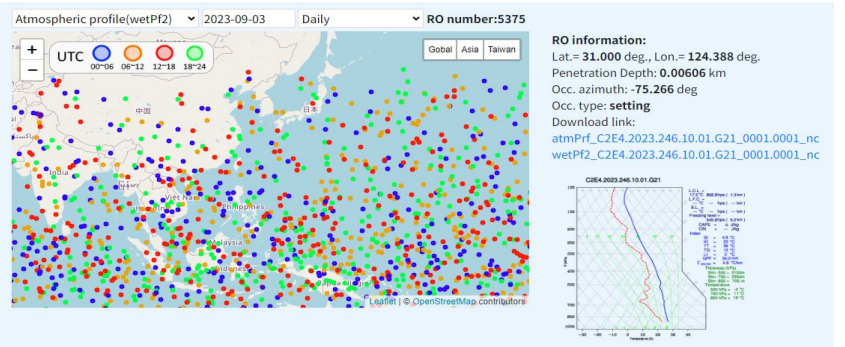
Provide atmospheric profiles 5500 #/daily,  
 Ionospheric profiles 4,000#/daily.

- ### Raw Data
- High Rate GNSS observation
  - Precise Orbit determination
  - Satellite Attitude
  - Raw S4 index

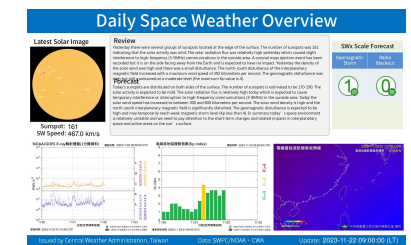
- ### Atmosphere
- Atm. Phase Delay
  - Bending angle
  - Refraction
  - Pressure
  - Temperature
  - Water Vapor
  - WMO data



- ### Ionosphere
- Ion. Phase Delay
  - Total Electron Content
  - Electron density
  - Plasma drift velocity and composition
  - S4 scintillation index
  - GNSS radio frequency interference



**Real time distribution of Radio occultation & data validation with Radiosonde profiles**  
<https://tacc.cwa.gov.tw/v2/occultation.html>



**Daily Space Weather Overview**

Observation	Monitor	Forecast	Outreach	Service
TW FORMOSAT	Solar Image	Ionosonde		
RO Profile	Sunspot	Total Electron Content		
RO Global Maps	Coronagraph	Magnetometer		
Iono. Monitoring	Solar Wind/IMF	Particle Flux		
FS7/C2 S4 Index	X-ray Flux	FSS AIPe		
FS7/C2 IVM				
FS7/C2 RFI				

**Space Weather Observation**

SpaceWx	Observation	Monitor	Forecast
Select Products	TW Mag-disturbance	Geomagnetic Index	Scintillation Index
	Geomagnetic Index	Scintillation Index	FS7/C2 RFI
	Scintillation Index	FS7/C2 RFI	Realtime SWx Scale

**Space Weather Monitoring**

Observation	Monitor	Forecast
Overview and Forecast	Scintillation Index	
HF Radio Absorption	WSA-Enlil Model	
Ionosphere		
Aurora		
Magnetopause		

**Space Weather Forecasting**

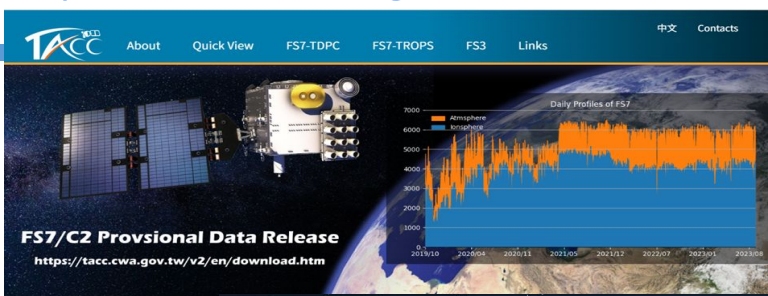


# FORMOSAT-7, FORMOSAT-3 & TRITON

(2024.05.31)

<https://tacc.cwa.gov.tw/>

<https://swoo.cwa.gov.tw/>



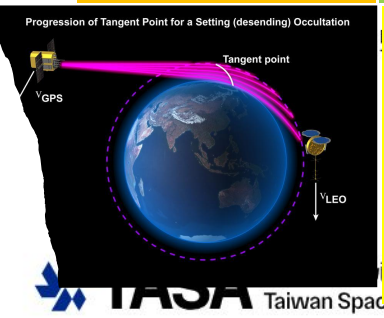
- News: The domain name of TACC will change to <https://tacc.cwa.gov.tw/>
- FORMOSAT-7(FS7-1~6)**
    - Working days: 1,532
    - Atmospheric profiles: 7,550,033
    - Ionospheric profiles: 5,482,614
  - FORMOSAT-3(FS3-1~6)**
    - Working days: 5,129

Provide atmospheric and ionospheric profiles

## TRITON Data Release

[https://tacc.cwa.gov.tw/v2/en/triton\\_download.html](https://tacc.cwa.gov.tw/v2/en/triton_download.html)

- Raw Data**
- High Rate observation
  - Precise Observation determination
  - Satellite Attitude
  - Raw S4 information



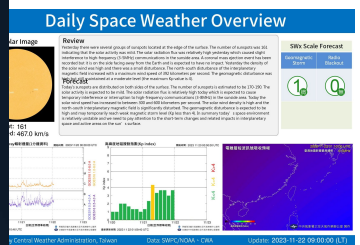
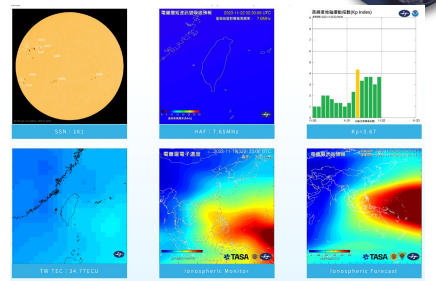
- Ionosphere**
- Ion. Phase Delay
  - Total Electron Content
  - Electron density
  - Plasma drift velocity and composition
  - S4 scintillation index
  - GNSS radio frequency interference

### FORMOSAT-7 data services

- 01 Near real time Products Monitoring
- 02 FS-7 Data download services
- Joint Observation supporting

Real time distribution of Radio occultation & data validation with Radiosonde profiles

<https://tacc.cwa.gov.tw/v2/occultation.html>



Observation	Monitor	Forecast	Outreach	Service
TW FORMOSAT	Solar Image	Ionosonde		
RO Profile	Sunspot	Total Electron Content		
RO Global Maps	Coronagraph	Magnetometer		
Iono. Monitoring	Solar Wind/IMF	Particle Flux		
FS7/C2 S4 Index	X-ray Flux	FSS AIP2		
FS7/C2 IVM				
FS7/C2 RFI				

### Daily Space Weather Overview

### Space Weather Observation

SpaceWx	Observation	Monitor	Forecast
Select Products	TW Mag-disturbance	Geomagnetic Index	Scintillation Index
	Scintillation Index	FS7/C2 RFI	
	Realtime SWx Scale		

Observation	Monitor	Forecast
Overview and Forecast	Scintillation Index	
HF Radio Absorption	WSA-Enlil Model	
Ionosphere		
Aurora		
Magnetopause		

### Space Weather Monitoring

### Space Weather Forecasting

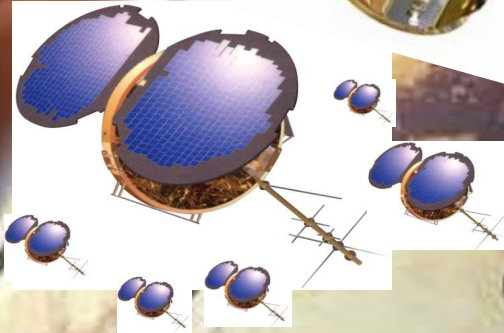
# Taiwan Meteorological Satellites



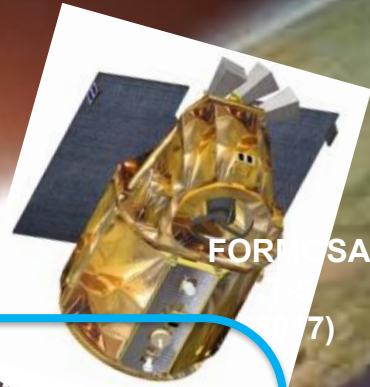
FORMOSAT-1  
(1999)



FORMOSAT-2  
(2004)



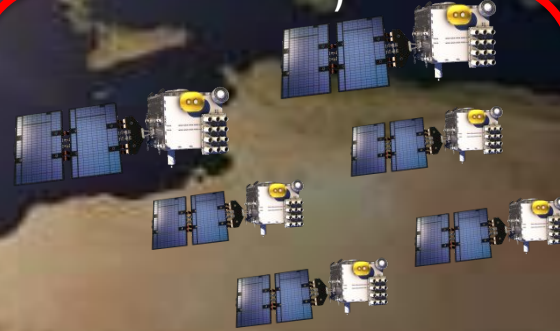
FORMOSAT-3/COSMIC  
(2006)



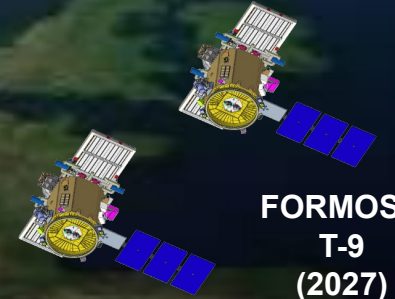
FORMOSAT-7/COSMIC-2  
(2019)



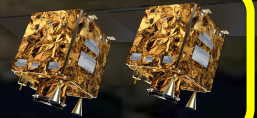
Triton  
(2023)



FORMOSAT-7/COSMIC-2  
(2019)



FORMOSA  
T-9  
(2027)



FORMOSA  
T-8  
(2025)

Integration and Application of Multi-Time and Multi-Source Data :

GNSS-RO/R Application

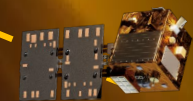
# TASA Weather Satellites



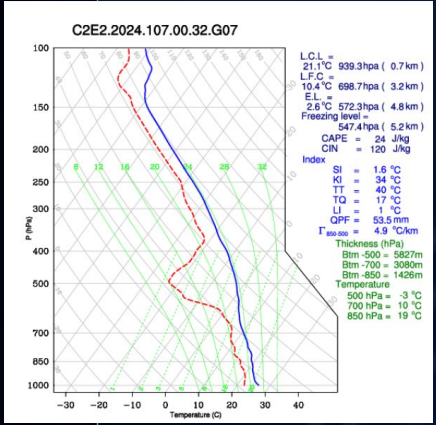
Global Navigation Satellite System, (GNSS)



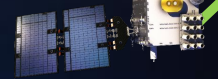
Signal reflected by ocean (R)  
**TRITON**



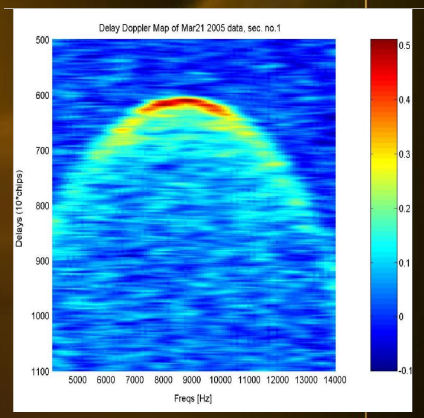
## Atmospheric profiles (CWA)



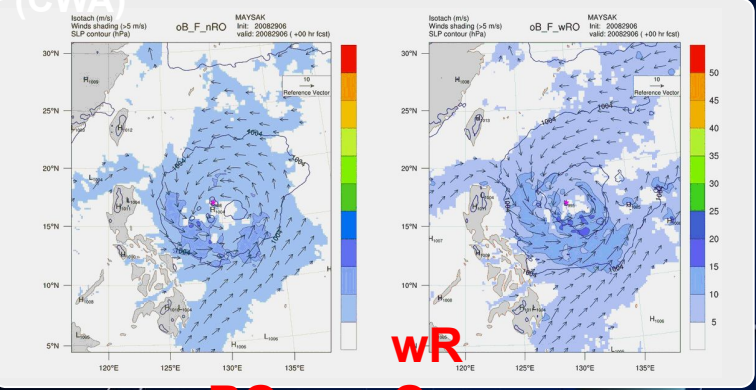
## Radio occultation (RO) FORMOSAT-7



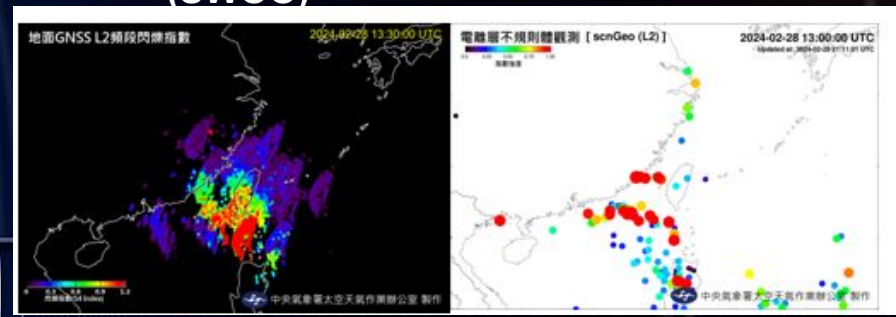
- Ocean Wind
- Solid moisture
- Sea level



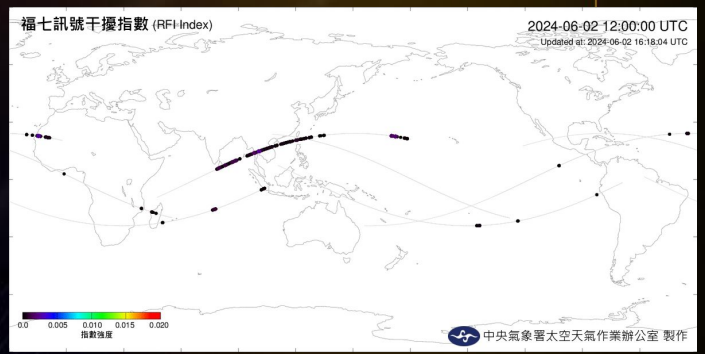
## Improve Typhoon prediction (CWA)



## Space Weather monitor by Ground GNSS and FS-7/C-2 (SWOO)



## GNSS Radio Frequency Interference (RFI) monitor (SWOO/CWA)



nRO O

# FS8 and FS9 Schedule

2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
<b>FORMOSAT-8</b>						
	 FS8A	 FS8B	 FS8C	 FS8D	 FS8E	 FS8F
<b>FORMOSAT-9</b>						
			 FS9A		 FS9B	

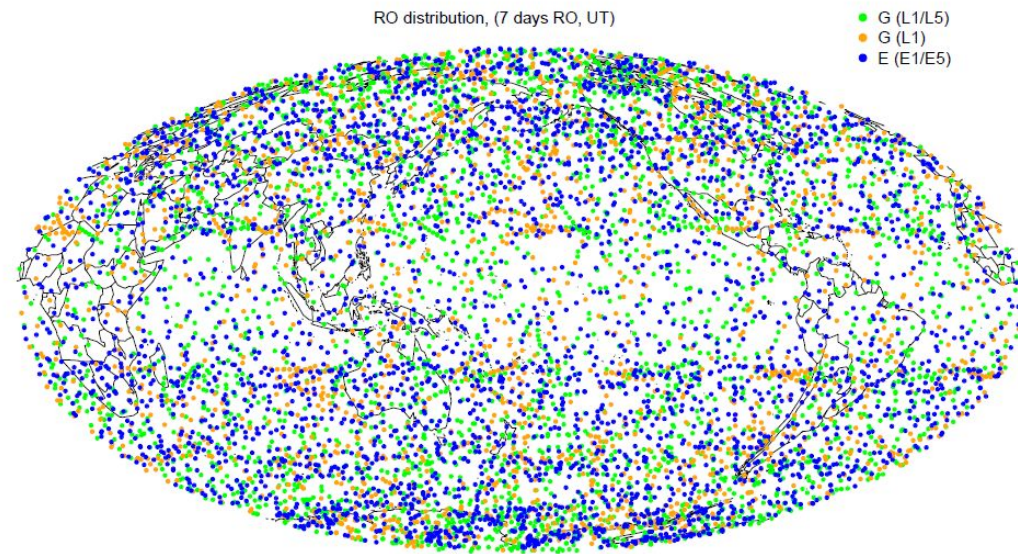
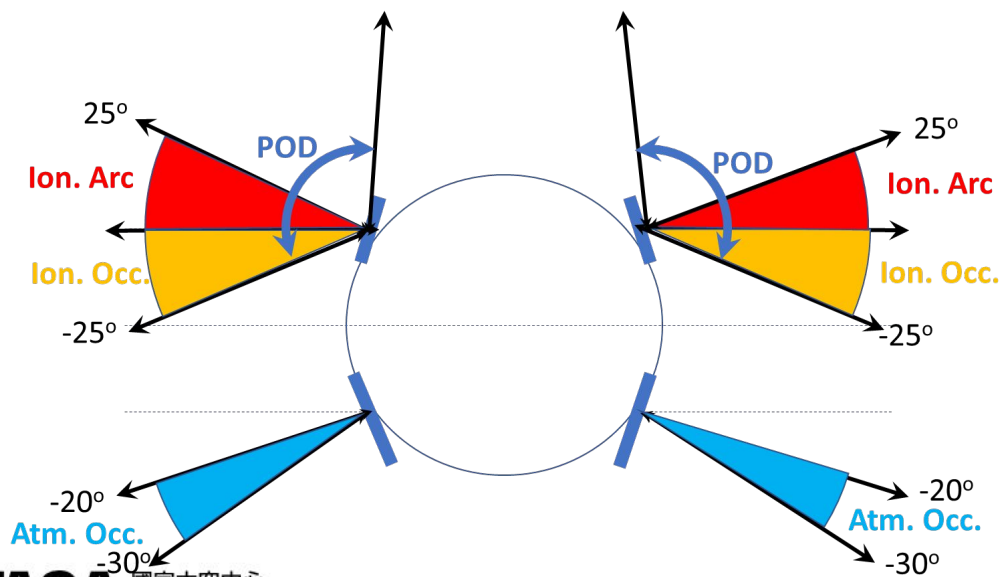
<b>SAR (FORMOSAT-9A)</b>		<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
<b>Mission life</b>	5 Years		
<b>Mission Orbit</b>	514±5 km Sun Synchronous	LTDN 11:30 [TBD]	~LTDN 11:30 [TBD]
<b>Attitude Accuracy</b>	Pointing Knowledge: within 0.012 deg (3axis, 3σ); Pointing Accuracy: within 0.022 deg (3axis, 3σ)		
<b>Launch Year</b>		2027	2029
<b>2<sup>nd</sup> PL</b>		GNSS-RO/R	GNSS-RO/R



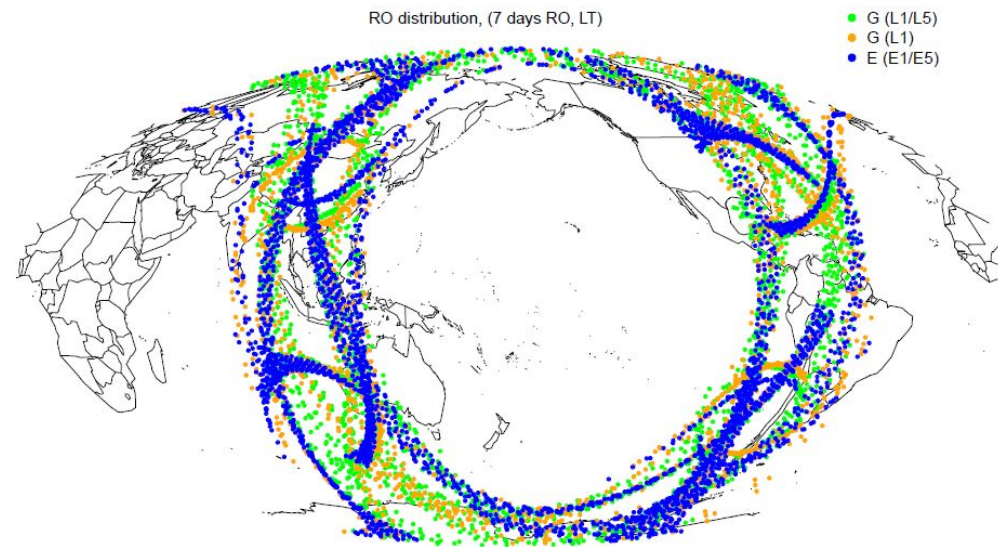
# FS-9A R/RO

## Per satellite provide (FS-9A):

- GPS L1/L5 & Galileo E1/E5
- Atmospheric RO : 300 – 600 (TBD) #/day
- Ionospheric RO : 300 – 600 (TBD) #/day
- Ionospheric S4 index
- Post high accuracy POD for SAR image



Global Distribution vs. Universal Time

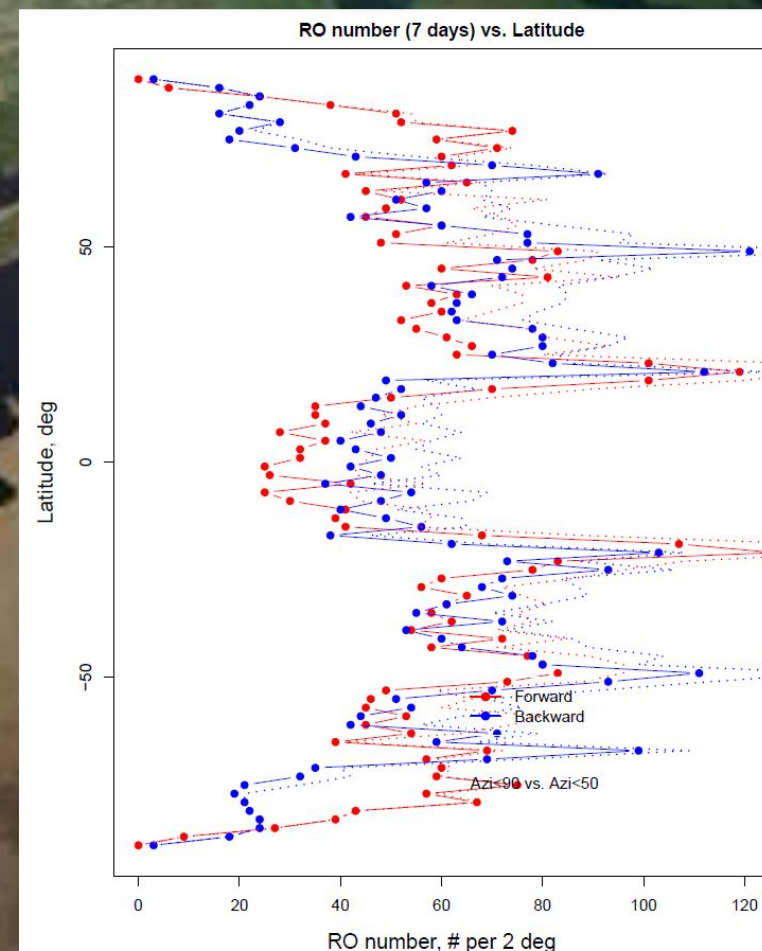
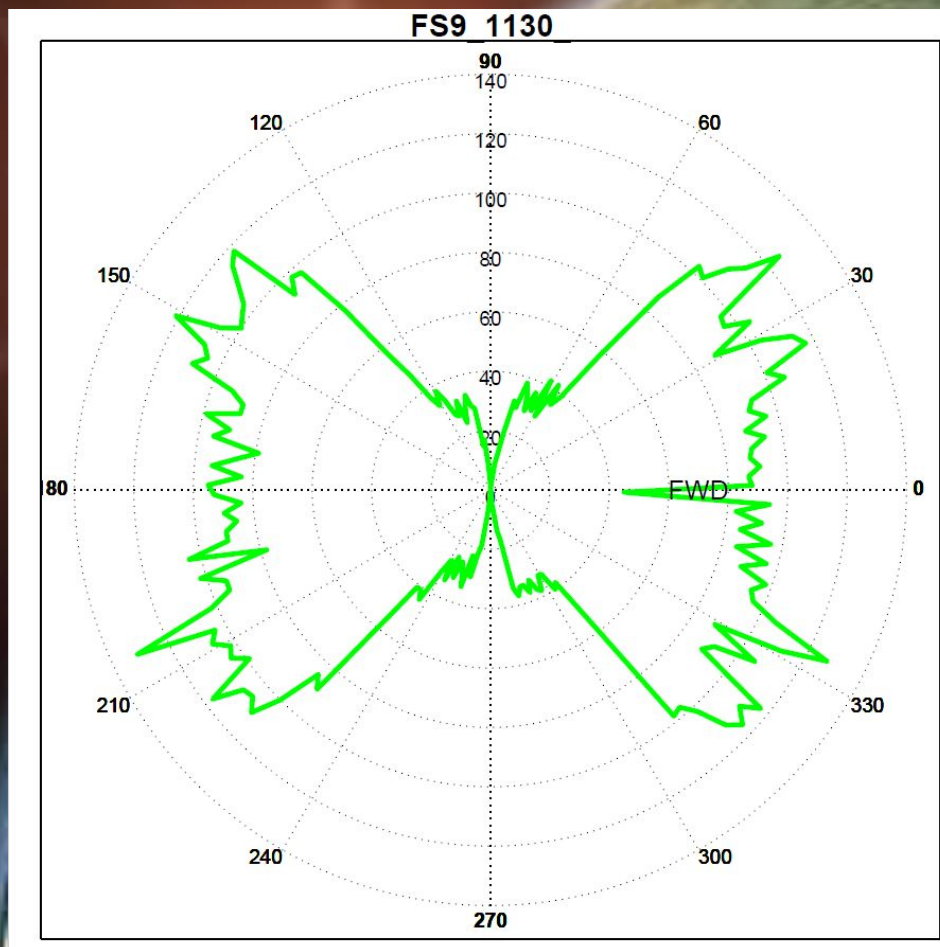
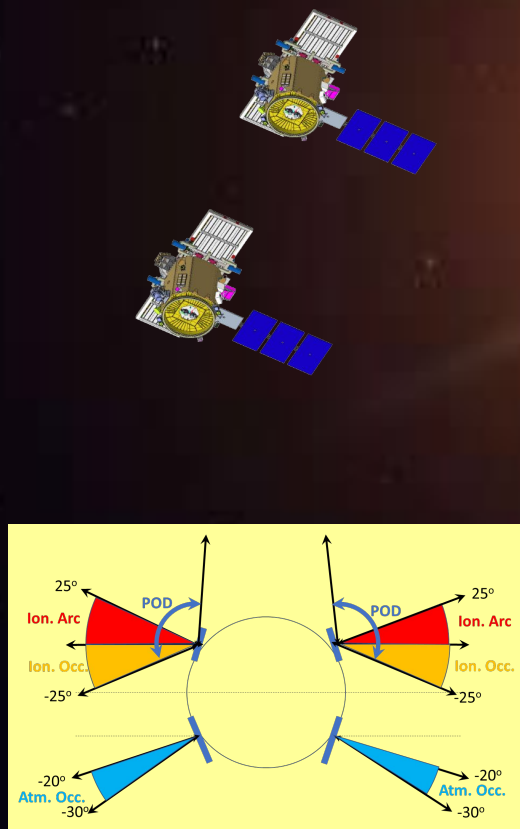


Local Time ~ 11:30 am & 11:30 pm

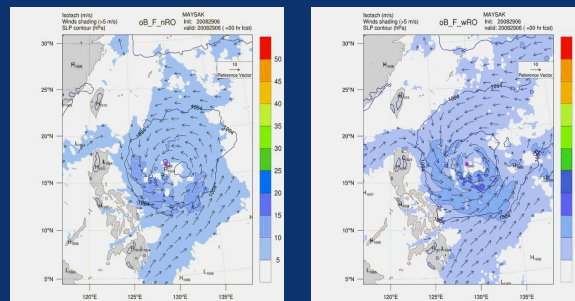
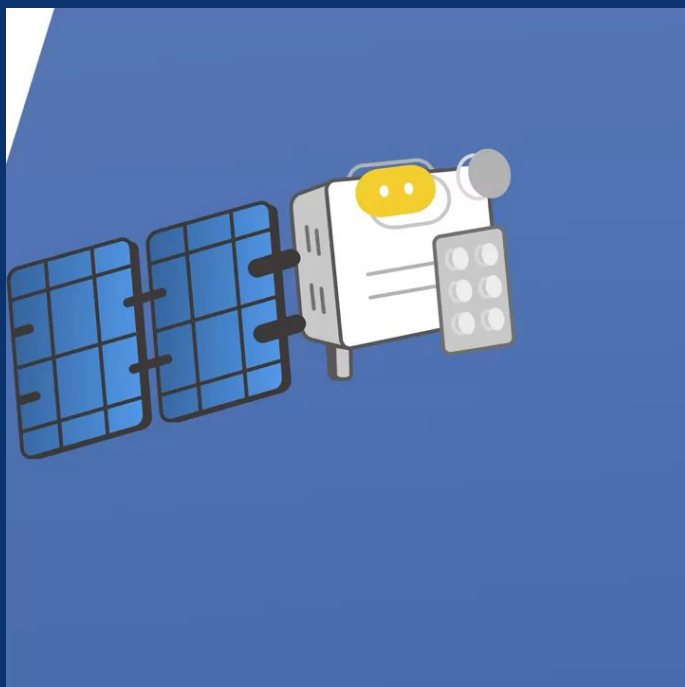
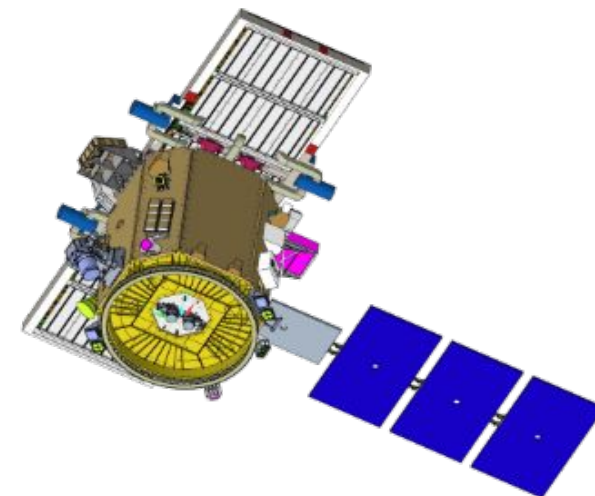
# Configurations of FS9-A RO (Ideal)

RO number vs. Azimuth (7 days)

RO number vs. Latitude (7 days)



# Conclusions

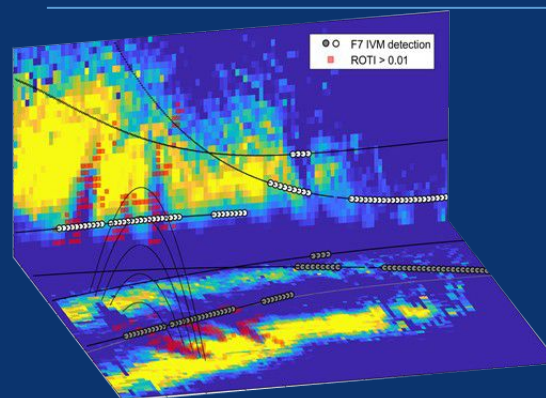


nRO

wRO

Ty Maysak (2020)

FORMOSAT-7/COSMIC-2 mission had completed the 5 years mission designed life on 2024.06.25, collect more than 9.6 /6.9 million profiles for atmosphere and ionosphere, have great achievement on weather/space weather forecast and scientific applications.



TASA will continue do our best to maintain the operation for FORMOSAT-7 to provide more data for atmosphere and ionosphere, and also outline the next vision on RO/R mission in future .